Congress of the United States Washington, DC 20515

April 26, 2022

The Honorable Rosa DeLauro Chairwoman House Committee on Appropriations H-307 The Capitol Washington, DC 20515

The Honorable Mike Quigley Chairman House Committee on Appropriations Subcommittee on Financial Services & General Government 2000 Rayburn House Office Building Washington, DC 20515 The Honorable Kay Granger Ranking Member House Committee on Appropriations 1036 Longworth House Office Building Washington, DC 20515

The Honorable Steve Womack Ranking Member House Committee on Appropriations Subcommittee on Financial Services & General Government 1036 Longworth House Office Building Washington, DC 20515

Dear Chairwoman DeLauro, Ranking Member Granger, Chairman Quigley, and Ranking Member Womack:

As you prepare to advance the FY2023 Financial Services and General Government appropriations bill, we respectfully request that you include a 5.1 percent pay raise for federal employees for calendar year 2023. The increase is in line with the Federal Adjustment of Income Rates (FAIR) Act (H.R. 6398), which was introduced in the House of Representatives and has the support of 31 co-sponsors.

Throughout the pandemic, civil servants performed the essential work of the federal government under the most extraordinary circumstances. Federal government employees risked exposure to COVID-19 to deliver mail, collect census responses, provide healthcare to veterans, distribute lifesaving stimulus benefits, inspect meat and poultry facilities, and help research therapies and vaccines for COVID-19.

Unfortunately, the federal government has a history of chronic underinvestment in its most valuable asset: the federal workforce. The Biden Administration has worked to reverse these trends, providing federal employees a 2.7 percent pay raise in 2022 and removing prohibitions the previous administration placed on union operations and resources.

Over the past decade, federal employee pay increases failed to keep pace with rising labor and living costs. Additionally, federal workers weathered multiple pay freezes, hiring freezes, and lost pay as the result of sequestration-related furloughs including two of the longest government shutdowns in U.S. history.

The federal government must remain competitive when hiring the next generation of federal workers. Currently, only 7 percent of the federal workforce is under the age of 30 while the civilian labor force enjoys nearly three times that number. In 2020, the Federal Salary

Council stated that federal employees make an average of 23.1 percent less than their private sector counterparts. With almost a third of the federal workforce eligible to retire in five years, we will face a talent crisis if we fail to make basic investments in federal pay that will attract early career talent to federal government service.

Paying our federal workforce a fair wage is also a matter of equity that impacts every community in America. More than 85% of federal workers live outside of the Washington D.C., with 36% of employees living in rural areas. Every congressional district is home to a federal employee. Some of these federal employees, like other Americans, live paycheck to paycheck with nearly 600,000 federal employees making less than \$60,000 per year.

Our nation's dedicated civil servants deserve respect and fair compensation. We respectfully ask that you provide a pay increase of 5.1 percent for all federal employees in the FY2023 Financial Services and General Government appropriations bill.

Best Regards,

Gerald E. Connolly Member of Congress

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Eric Swalwell Member of Congress

Eleanor Holmes Norton Member of Congress

Jennifer Wexton Member of Congress

Brian Higgins Member of Congress

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Mark DeSaulnier Member of Congress

Jakana Hayes

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Lloyd Doggett Member of Congress

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Conor Lamb Member of Congress

Donald S. Beyer Jr. Member of Congress

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Emanuel Cleaver, II Member of Congress

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